

A woman with dark hair, wearing a bright green quilted jacket, is standing on a paved road that winds through a mountainous landscape. She is looking back over her right shoulder towards the camera with a slight smile. The background features rolling hills and mountains with patches of snow under a cloudy sky.

**FOR
ADULTS
WITH
NMOSD**

I'M UP FOR
grabbing tomorrow
AND MAKING IT MINE

YOUR GUIDE TO UPLIZNA™ (inebilizumab-cdon)

Uplizna is FDA-approved for the treatment of neuromyelitis optica spectrum disorder (NMOSD) in adult patients who are anti-aquaporin-4 (AQP4) antibody positive.

Make tomorrow yours with Uplizna.

You should not receive Uplizna if you have had a life-threatening infusion reaction to Uplizna, have an active hepatitis B virus infection, or have active or untreated inactive (latent) tuberculosis.

Please see accompanying Full Prescribing Information and Medication Guide in pocket.

 **uplizna**[™]
inebilizumab-cdon

What is NMOSD?

If you're living with neuromyelitis optica spectrum disorder (NMOSD), you know that this rare autoimmune disease can be very unpredictable.

- NMOSD relapses (sometimes referred to as attacks) can occur without warning and target the optic nerve, spinal cord, and brain stem
- NMOSD relapses can lead to life-altering disability, including:
 - Vision problems
 - Difficulty walking
 - Loss of bladder and bowel control



The risk of relapses and disability

- NMOSD relapses are serious and may cause permanent damage including muscle weakness, vision changes, paralysis, pain, and fatigue
- NMOSD-related disability can have a lasting impact on your daily life
- Reducing the risk of relapses that can cause permanent disability is important in managing NMOSD



THE ROLE OF THE IMMUNE SYSTEM

In NMOSD, the immune system mistakenly attacks normal tissue. This causes inflammation and can result in permanent damage to the central nervous system (CNS), making it hard for your body to work properly.



What is Uplizna?

Uplizna is an FDA-approved treatment for adults with NMOSD that is proven to reduce the risk of relapses that can cause permanent disability.

Uplizna was studied in the largest ever clinical trial conducted in patients with NMOSD.

Fewer Relapses

89% of patients treated with Uplizna were relapse free for 28 weeks vs 58% for placebo

Fewer Hospitalizations

11% chance of being hospitalized over the course of 1 year for patients on Uplizna vs 50% for placebo

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION

What is Uplizna?

Uplizna is a prescription medicine used to treat adults with neuromyelitis optica spectrum disorder (NMOSD) who are anti-aquaporin-4 (AQP4) antibody positive.

It is not known if Uplizna is safe or effective in children.

Who should not receive Uplizna?

You should not receive Uplizna if you have:

- had a life-threatening infusion reaction to Uplizna.
- an active hepatitis B virus infection.
- active or untreated inactive (latent) tuberculosis.



What are the possible side effects of Uplizna?

In the clinical trial, the side effects of Uplizna were similar to placebo.

The most common side effects were urinary tract infections, joint pain, headaches, and back pain. Uplizna may cause infusion reactions that can be serious or cause you to be hospitalized. Infections can happen during treatment with Uplizna. Tell your healthcare provider right away if you have symptoms of an infection or experience symptoms during an infusion (see below).

How Uplizna works

Uplizna targets B cells, which play an important role in NMOSD.

By targeting a wide range of B cells, Uplizna is believed to disrupt the activity that causes NMOSD.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (continued)

Before receiving Uplizna, tell your healthcare provider about all of your medical conditions, including if you:

- have or think you have an infection.
- have ever taken, currently take, or plan to take medicines that affect your immune system, or other treatments for NMOSD. These medicines may increase your risk of getting an infection.
- have or have ever had hepatitis B or are a carrier of the hepatitis B virus.
- have or have ever had tuberculosis.
- have had a recent vaccination or are scheduled to receive any vaccinations. You should receive any required vaccines at least 4 weeks before you start treatment with Uplizna.
- are pregnant or plan to become pregnant. It is not known if Uplizna will harm your unborn baby. Females should use birth control (contraception) during treatment with Uplizna and for 6 months after your last infusion of Uplizna.
- are breastfeeding or plan to breastfeed. It is not known if Uplizna passes into your breast milk. Talk to your healthcare provider about the best way to feed your baby if you receive Uplizna.



DID YOU KNOW?

You are not alone.
There are
10,000-15,000
people living
with NMOSD
in the US.

Tell your healthcare provider about all the medicines you take, including prescription and over-the-counter medicines, vitamins, and herbal supplements.

What is the most important information I should know about Uplizna?

Uplizna may cause serious side effects, including:

Infusion reactions. Uplizna can cause infusion reactions that may lead to death. You will be monitored during your infusion and for at least 1 hour after each infusion of Uplizna for signs and symptoms of an infusion reaction. Tell your healthcare provider right away if you get any of these symptoms:

- | | | |
|--------------|-----------------------|----------------|
| • headache | • shortness of breath | • muscle aches |
| • nausea | • fever | • rash |
| • sleepiness | | |

If you develop an infusion reaction, your healthcare provider may need to stop or slow down the rate of your infusion and treat your symptoms.



How is Uplizna given?

With Uplizna, you need just 2 maintenance doses a year, after your first 2 start-up doses.

- Each Uplizna treatment is an IV infusion that lasts approximately 90 minutes
- Your doctor will give you pre-medication such as steroids, antihistamines, and fever prevention medicine to manage possible reactions



IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (continued)

Infections. Infections can happen during treatment with Uplizna. Tell your healthcare provider right away if you have an infection or get any of these symptoms:

- painful and frequent urination
- nasal congestion, runny nose, sore throat, fever, chills, cough, body aches
- Uplizna taken before or after other medicines that weaken the immune system may increase your risk of getting infections.
- **Hepatitis B virus (HBV) reactivation.** Before starting treatment with Uplizna, your healthcare provider will do blood tests to check for hepatitis B viral infection. If you have ever had hepatitis B virus infection, the hepatitis B virus may become active again during or after treatment with Uplizna. Hepatitis B virus becoming active again (called reactivation) may cause serious liver problems, including liver failure or death. Your healthcare provider will monitor you if you are at risk for hepatitis B virus reactivation during treatment and after you stop receiving Uplizna.

Questions to ask your doctor

Ask your doctor if Uplizna is right for you. Here are some questions to bring up at your next appointment:

- How can Uplizna reduce an NMOSD relapse?
- Are there any medical tests I need before starting Uplizna?
- Will I need to take other medications along with Uplizna?
- How will Uplizna affect the medications I'm already taking?
- Will I experience side effects and how long could they last?
- What can I do to relieve side effects, if I have them?

Other things to share with your doctor:

- New or worsening symptoms
- Changes in your ability to do daily activities
- Pain or discomfort
- Any other concerns you may have



"Since starting Uplizna, the fear of having an NMOSD relapse no longer guides my decision making."
—Sally, actual patient taking Uplizna

- **Progressive Multifocal Leukoencephalopathy (PML).** PML may happen with Uplizna. PML is a rare brain infection that leads to death or severe disability. Symptoms of PML may get worse over days to weeks. Call your healthcare provider right away if you get any of these symptoms:
 - weakness on one side of the body
 - changes in your vision
 - confusion
 - loss of coordination in your arms and legs
 - changes in thinking or memory
 - changes in your personality
- **Tuberculosis (TB).** TB is caused by an infection in the lungs. Before starting treatment with Uplizna, your healthcare provider will check to see if you are at risk for getting TB or have ever had TB.



Personal support for you

Viela VIPs is a complimentary program that provides personal support for you.

Your Viela VIPs team is here to help throughout your treatment with:

- One-on-one treatment support
- Insurance information
- Financial assistance
- Educational resources



Call Viela VIPs to get started

1-833-ViB-VIPs (1-833-842-8477)

VielaVIPs.com



IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (continued)

- **Vaccinations.** Certain vaccines, called “live” or “live attenuated” vaccines, are not recommended in people receiving Uplizna. Talk to your healthcare provider before receiving any vaccinations. If you have a baby and you were receiving Uplizna during pregnancy, it is important to tell your baby’s healthcare provider about your Uplizna use so they can decide when your baby should receive any vaccine.

See “**What are the possible side effects of Uplizna?**” for more information about side effects.

How will I receive Uplizna?

- Uplizna is given through a needle placed in a vein (IV or intravenous infusion) in your arm.
- Before treatment with Uplizna, your healthcare provider will give you a corticosteroid medicine, an antihistamine, and a fever prevention medicine to help infusion reactions become less frequent and less severe. See “**What is the most important information I should know about Uplizna?**”
- Your first dose of Uplizna will be given as 2 separate infusions, 2 weeks apart.
- Your next doses of Uplizna will be given as one infusion every 6 months.
- Each infusion will last about 1 hour and 30 minutes. After each infusion, you will be monitored by a healthcare provider for at least 1 hour.

What are the possible side effects of Uplizna?

Uplizna may cause serious side effects, including:

- See “**What is the most important information I should know about Uplizna?**”
- **low blood cell counts.** Uplizna may cause a decrease in some types of blood cells. Your healthcare provider will do blood tests to check your blood cell counts.

The most common side effects include urinary tract infection and joint pain.

These are not all the possible side effects of Uplizna.

Call your doctor for medical advice about side effects.
You may report side effects to FDA at 1-800-FDA-1088.



Are you **UP FOR Uplizna**?

Ask your doctor if Uplizna is right for you.

Now is the time to talk with your doctor about Uplizna—the only twice-yearly maintenance treatment for NMOSD proven to reduce the relapses that may lead to permanent disability.

Make tomorrow
yours with Uplizna.

www.Uplizna.com

SELECT IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION

You should not receive Uplizna if you have had a life-threatening infusion reaction to Uplizna, have an active hepatitis B virus infection, or have active or untreated inactive (latent) tuberculosis.

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